The Senate voted on a motion to debate the House-passed Freedom to Vote: John R. Lewis Act, introduced by Rep. Beyer, D-VA. The bill would expand voter registration, voting access and limit the removal of voters from voter rolls. This bill also increases access to vote by mail and early voting, and restores provisions of the Voting Rights Act. The motion failed 51-49. Sixty votes are needed to proceed. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 5746, Roll Call 9, January 19, 2022.

The Senate voted on an amendment to a spending bill by Senator Mike Lee, R-UT, to prohibit federal funding to implement the COVID-19 vaccine mandate. COVID vaccines help protect Americans, particularly older Americans, who are the most susceptible to serious illness or death. The amendment was rejected 46-47. A **NO** vote is the pro-retiree vote. S. Amdt. 4929 to H.R. 6617, Roll Call 61, February 17, 2022.

The Senate voted on the House passed Postal Service Reform Act, introduced by Rep. Maloney, D-NY. The bill is critical to retirees since older Americans rely more heavily on the postal service for at-home delivery of medications and election ballots. The bill passed 79-19. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 3076, Roll Call 71, March 8, 2022.

The Senate voted on the FY 22 appropriations bill to fund the government. The spending bill provides critical funding increases in many areas including dementia and Alzheimer’s research, the Administration for Community Living and the Social Security Administration. The bill passed 68-31. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 2471, Roll Call 78, March 10, 2022.

The Senate voted on a motion to debate the Honoring Our PACT Act, introduced by Senator Kaine, D-VA. The bill expands VA health care and benefits for veterans exposed to burn pits and other toxic substances. The motion failed 55-42. Sixty votes are needed to proceed. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. S. 3373, Roll Call 272, July 27, 2022.

The Senate voted on final passage of the Honoring Our PACT Act. The bill expands VA health care and benefits for veterans exposed to burn pits and other toxic substances. The bill passed 86-11. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. S. 3373, Roll Call 280, August 2, 2022.

The Senate voted on a motion to proceed to the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA). Among several benefits changes, the bill allows Medicare to negotiate for lower prescription drug prices. The motion passed 51-50. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 5376, Roll Call 287, August 6, 2022.

Senator Lindsay Graham, R-SC, moved to strike the language containing $35 monthly insulin caps for people with private insurance plans. The amendment failed 57-43. Sixty votes are needed to keep the caps in the bill. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. S. Amdt. 5194 to H.R. 5376, Roll Call 314, August 7, 2022.

The Senate voted on passage of the Inflation Reduction Act. The bill allows Medicare to negotiate prescription drug prices, caps annual prescription drug expenditures for Medicare beneficiaries at $2,000, caps insulin prices at $35 per month, and provides free vaccines for Medicare Part D beneficiaries. The bill passed 51-50. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 5376, Roll Call 325, August 7, 2022.

The Senate voted on the omnibus FY 23 Consolidated Appropriations Act to fund the government. The spending bill increases funding for the Social Security Administration, the Administration for Community Living and Senior Nutrition Programs. It also includes a $25 million increase in NLRB funding. The measure passed 68-29. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 2617, Roll Call 421, December 22, 2022.

The following is a list of ten key votes selected as representative of the votes of critical importance to retirees taken by the U.S. Senate:
Voting Rights

Postal Service Reform
The House voted on the Postal Service Reform Act, introduced by Rep. Maloney, D-NY. The bill is critical to retirees since older Americans often rely on the postal service for at-home delivery of medications and election ballots. The bill passed 342-92. A YES vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 3076, Roll Call 38, February 8, 2022.

Veterans Health Care

Government Funding
The House voted on the FY 22 appropriations bill to fund the government. The spending bill provides critical funding increases in many areas including dementia and Alzheimer's research, the Administration for Community Living and the Social Security Administration. The measure passed 260-191. A YES vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 2471, Roll Call 66, March 9, 2022.

Pension Restoration
The House voted on a bill introduced by Rep. Kildee, D-MI, to restore the full vested monthly benefits for eligible participants of certain pension plans sponsored by Delphi Corporation. The legislation helps retirees already receiving benefits and ensures all beneficiaries will receive their full earned benefits. The bill passed 254-175. A YES vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 6929, Roll Call 396, July 27, 2022.

Medicare Drug Negotiation
The House voted on passage of the Inflation Reduction Act. The bill allows Medicare to negotiate prescription drug prices, caps annual prescription drug expenditures for Medicare beneficiaries at $2,000, caps insulin prices at $35 per month, and provides free vaccines for Medicare Part D beneficiaries. The bill passed 220-207. A YES vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 5376, Roll Call 420, August 12, 2022.

Accurate Census Count
The House voted on the Ensure a Fair and Accurate Census Count Act, introduced by Rep. Maloney, D-NY. The measure strengthens the independence of the Census Bureau and puts safeguards in place to help protect it from partisan manipulation. The legislation ensures that any new questions added to a decennial census are rigorously researched and tested. The bill passed 220-208. A YES vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 8326, Roll Call 435, September 15, 2022.

Election Reform
In response to the events of January 6, 2021, the House voted on The Presidential Election Reform Act introduced by Rep. Lofgren, D-CA. The bill alters the 1887 Electoral Count Act and would raise the threshold needed for electoral objections by lawmakers to receive a vote and mandates that governors transmit state results to Congress. The legislation was part of the FY 23 omnibus appropriations bill, which passed 229-203. A YES vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 8873, Roll Call 449, September 21, 2022.

VA Employee Fairness
The House voted on a bill introduced by Rep. Takano, D-CA, to ensure that VA healthcare professionals who serve veterans have the same workplace rights granted to other VA clinicians and federal employees. The bill allows VA health staff to better serve veterans’ health care needs. The bill passed 219-201. A YES vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 1948, Roll Call 530, December 15, 2022.

Government Funding
The House voted on the omnibus FY 23 Consolidated Appropriations Act to fund the government. The spending bill increases funding for the Social Security Administration, the Administration for Community Living and Senior Nutrition Programs. It also includes a $25 million increase in NLRB funding. The measure passed 225-201. A YES vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 2617, Roll Call 549, December 23, 2022.
## Senate Votes

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### How To Read This Record

- **Democrat (D)** Republican (R) Independent (I)
- ✓ Voted With Alliance Policy
- ✗ Voted Against Alliance Policy
- S Speaker Did Not Vote
- P Present
- ? Did Not Vote
- O Not Eligible Member
- + Announced For
- – Announced Against
- AL At-Large

The number before each name indicates Congressional District.

100% Best Score Possible