



Congressional Voting Record

107th Congress, 2nd Session
January 2002—October 2002

***A Special Report on Legislation
Vital to American Retirees***

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This November 5, retirees and older Americans have the opportunity to make their voices heard loud and strong at the polling booth. America's seniors traditionally vote in disproportionately higher numbers than the rest of the voting population, especially in mid-term congressional election years like 2002. So it comes as no surprise that this past year has seen much activity in Congress directed at older Americans. Unfortunately, there have been few positive results. Issues such as the creation of a comprehensive Medicare prescription drug benefit plan, pension protection reforms, a patients' bill of rights, and the long-term stability of Social Security still remain unresolved. Yet elected officials will try to convince older Americans that they are on their side.

Nowhere is this clearer than on the Medicare prescription drug issue. Older Americans will spend \$1.8 trillion on prescription drugs during the next decade. They need help now. In 2002, both houses of Congress debated plans, but no program emerged. The Alliance has a set of principles by which to judge proposals. The Alliance believes that a Medicare prescription drug plan must be universal, affordable, comprehensive, and voluntary. It must operate like the rest of Medicare, which means that HMOs and insurance companies must not run the program and there must be incentives to continue employer provided prescription drug coverage for retirees.

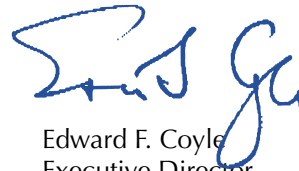
The House of Representatives passed a bill, H.R. 4954, which violated nearly every Alliance principle. Under that bill, seniors would be forced into private HMOs and other insurance plans with varying premiums, deductibles, and benefits. A senior in one part of the country could have less coverage than a senior in another part. The bill has a major gap in coverage whereby seniors would pay all out-of-pocket drug costs from \$2,000 to \$3,700 and still pay premiums without receiving any benefits. Many seniors would lose coverage by mid-year, but still be forced to pay premiums. This legislation has no effective provisions to bring drug prices down.

The Alliance supported a plan that had a standard \$25 monthly premium, a \$100 annual deductible, a 20% co-insurance payment, and a \$2,000 annual catastrophic limit on out-of-pocket expenses. This legislation, H.R. 5019, could not even be brought to the House floor for a vote, because the House leadership wrote a rule for the prescription drug debate on H.R. 4954 that permitted no amendments. The Senate also considered prescription drug legislation. While it passed a bill that removes legal loopholes that drug companies use to delay the development of generic drugs, it considered several Medicare prescription drug plans but took no final action.

This Voting Record reflects how committed our elected representatives are to retirees and older Americans. Use it to educate yourself on where your elected representatives stand. Get active today and help create an America that protects the health and economic security of seniors, strengthens families and builds safe and thriving communities. **VOTE ON NOVEMBER 5.**



George J. Kourpias
President



Edward F. Coyle
Executive Director

How To Read This Record

| | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|------|---------------------------------------|
| Democrat (D) | Republican (R) | Independent (I) | + | Announced For |
| ✓ | Voted With Alliance Policy | | - | Announced Against |
| X | Voted Against Alliance Policy | | AL | At-Large |
| S | Speaker Did Not Vote | | | The number before each name indicates |
| ? | Did Not Vote | | | Congressional District. |
| O | Not Eligible Member | | 100% | Best Score Possible |

SENATE VOTES

The following is a list of ten key votes selected as representative of the votes of critical importance to retirees taken by the U.S. Senate:

1 Skewed Estate Taxes

Senator Kyl, R-AZ, introduced a resolution that expressed the sense of the Senate that the 2001 estate tax repeal should be made permanent after the repeal expires in 2010. The 2001 law benefits only the wealthiest Americans. The loss of revenues created by the repeal seriously jeopardizes the financial stability of the Social Security and Medicare systems and the ability to create a Medicare prescription drug benefit program. The resolution passed 56-42. A **NO** vote is the pro-retiree vote. S. 1731, Roll Call No. 28, February 13, 2002.

2 Voting Rights Protections

Senator Clinton, D-NY, introduced an amendment to an election standards bill that would have created a national maximum error rate for voting equipment and to ban machines that fail often. Older Americans often require additional assistance at the polls. Given the aftermath of the 2000 elections, this amendment would reduce counting and tabulating errors. The amendment failed 48-52. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. S. 565, Roll Call 64, April 11, 2002.

3 Steelworker Retirees

Senator Rockefeller, D-WV, introduced an amendment to a trade bill that would permit retired steelworkers to receive health insurance coverage and assistance for one year. Over 125,000 steelworkers who had vested benefits and whose companies had closed because of trade practices would be eligible for benefits. Although a majority of the Senate supported the amendment, it failed 56-40 because this amendment required 60 votes under the Senate filibuster rules. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 3009, Roll Call No. 117, May 21, 2002.

4 Drug Reimportation

During consideration of legislation to make generic drugs more widely available, Senator Dorgan, D-ND, introduced an amendment to permit the reimportation of prescription drugs from Canada. The Dorgan amendment would permit licensed and registered pharmacists and distributors in the United States to import U.S. Food and Drug Administration approved drugs from Canada. The amendment passed 69-30. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. S. 812, Roll Call No. 179, July 17, 2002.

5 Drug Bulk Purchasing

Senator Stabenow, D-MI, introduced an amendment to the generic drug legislation that would permit states to create programs to pass along savings through the bulk buying of prescription drugs. Such programs would cover individuals in state programs who do not have prescription drug coverage and are not covered by Medicaid. The Stabenow amendment would permit such programs under federal law. The amendment passed 56-43. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. S. 812, Roll Call No. 182, July 18, 2002.

6 Drug Industry Rx Plan

Senator Grassley, R-IA, introduced a Medicare prescription drug plan that would permit the HMOs and insurance industry to determine what premiums and benefits would be offered in particular regions of the country. Unlike the rest of Medicare, this plan would not have guaranteed premiums or benefits. It would leave gaps in coverage. In addition, there were no incentives, like in the rest of Medicare, for employers to continue retiree prescription drug benefit coverage. The amendment needed 60 votes under the Budget Act. It failed 48-51. A **NO** vote is the pro-retiree vote. S. 812, Roll Call No. 187, July 23, 2002.

7 Prescription Drug Cards

Senator Hagel, R-NE, introduced a Medicare prescription drug plan under which lower and middle income seniors would pay high out-of-pocket costs before receiving modest benefits. HMOs and private insurers would run the program with no guarantee that benefits would be available nationwide. The plan also relied on so-called "discount cards" issued by drug companies. The amendment needed 60 votes under the Budget Act. It failed 51-48. A **NO** vote is the pro-retiree vote. S. 812, Roll Call No. 189, July 24, 2002.

8 State Health Care Relief

Senator Rockefeller, D-WV, introduced an amendment to the generic drug legislation that provides relief to states whose health care budgets had become severely strained because of lower than expected revenues and higher health care costs. The amendment would provide nearly \$9 billion to the states for Medicaid programs. Older Americans use such programs at a disproportionately high level. The amendment needed 60 votes under the Budget Act. It passed 75-24. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. S. 812, Roll Call No. 190, July 25, 2002.

9 Protect Victims' Court Rights

Senator McConnell, R-KY, introduced an amendment that would shield health care and insurance companies from liability and overturn many state liability laws on medical malpractice. The McConnell amendment would have curtailed the rights of victims of medical malpractice to seek fair compensation through the courts. The amendment was tabled (set aside) 57-42. A **YES** to table vote is the pro-retiree vote. S. 812, Roll Call No. 197, July 30, 2002.

10 Generic Drugs

Senator Schumer, D-NY, introduced legislation that reforms the prescription drug patent system. The reforms curtail the ability of brand name pharmaceutical companies to extend drug patents and keep less expensive generic drugs from entering the market. The legislation closes loopholes, such as the filing of automatic patent extensions. The bill passed 78-21. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. S. 812, Roll Call No. 201, July 31, 2002.

SENATE VOTES

1. Skewed Estate Taxes
 2. Voting Rights Protections
 3. Steelworker Retirees
 4. Drug Reimportation
 5. Drug Bulk Purchasing
 6. Drug Industry Rx Plan
 7. Prescription Drug Cards
 8. State Health Care Relief
 9. Protect Victims' Court Rights
 10. Generic Drugs
- Pro-Retiree Score '02
Pro-Retiree Score '01

| Alliance Position | N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | N | Y | Y | Y | % | % |
|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|
| MISSOURI | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bond (R) | X | X | X | ✓ | X | X | X | X | X | X | 10 | 0 |
| Carnahan (D) | ✓ | X | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | X | ✓ | ✓ | 80 | 70 |
| MONTANA | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Baucus (D) | X | X | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 80 | 40 |
| Burns (R) | X | X | X | ✓ | X | X | X | ✓ | X | ✓ | 30 | 0 |
| NEBRASKA | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hagel (R) | X | X | X | X | X | ✓ | X | ✓ | X | X | 20 | 0 |
| Nelson (D) | X | ✓ | X | ✓ | X | ✓ | X | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 60 | 40 |
| NEVADA | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reid (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 100 |
| Ensign (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | ✓ | 10 | 0 |
| NEW HAMPSHIRE | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Smith (R) | X | X | X | ✓ | X | X | X | X | X | ✓ | 20 | 0 |
| Gregg (R) | X | X | X | ✓ | X | X | X | X | X | X | 10 | 0 |
| NEW JERSEY | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Torricelli (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | X | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 90 | 50 |
| Corzine (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | X | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 90 | 100 |
| NEW MEXICO | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Domenici (R) | ? | X | X | X | X | X | X | ✓ | X | ✓ | 22 | 0 |
| Bingaman (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 100 |
| NEW YORK | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Schumer (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 90 |
| Clinton (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 100 |
| NORTH CAROLINA | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Helms (R) | X | X | ? | - | ? | ? | ? | ? | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| Edwards (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 90 |
| NORTH DAKOTA | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Conrad (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 100 |
| Dorgan (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 100 |
| OHIO | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DeWine (R) | X | X | ✓ | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 10 | 10 |
| Voinovich (R) | X | X | ✓ | X | ✓ | X | X | X | X | X | 20 | 0 |
| OKLAHOMA | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nickles (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 0 | 0 |
| Inhofe (R) | X | X | ? | X | X | X | X | X | X | ✓ | 11 | 0 |
| OREGON | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Wyden (D) | X | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 90 | 80 |
| Smith (R) | X | X | X | ✓ | ✓ | X | X | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 50 | 20 |

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- Pro-Retiree Score '02
Pro-Retiree Score '01

| Alliance Position | N | Y | Y | Y | Y | N | N | Y | Y | Y | % | % |
|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|
| PENNSYLVANIA | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Specter (R) | X | X | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | X | X | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 60 | 30 |
| Santorum (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 0 | 0 |
| RHODE ISLAND | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reed (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 100 |
| Chafee (R) | ✓ | X | X | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | X | ✓ | X | ✓ | 60 | 30 |
| SOUTH CAROLINA | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Thurmond (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 0 | 0 |
| Hollings (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 100 |
| SOUTH DAKOTA | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Daschle (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 100 |
| Johnson (D) | X | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 90 | 90 |
| TENNESSEE | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Thompson (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | ✓ | X | 10 | 0 |
| Frist (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 0 | 0 |
| TEXAS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gramm (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 0 | 0 |
| Hutchison (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | ✓ | X | X | 10 | 0 |
| UTAH | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hatch (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | ✓ | X | X | 10 | 0 |
| Bennett (R) | ? | X | X | X | X | X | X | ✓ | X | X | 11 | 0 |
| VERMONT | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Leahy (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 100 |
| Jeffords (I) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | X | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 90 | 30 |
| VIRGINIA | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Warner (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | ✓ | X | ✓ | 20 | 10 |
| Allen (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 30 | 0 |
| WASHINGTON | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Murray (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 100 |
| Cantwell (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 100 |
| WEST VIRGINIA | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Byrd (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | X | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 90 | 100 |
| Rockefeller (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 100 |
| WISCONSIN | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Kohl (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 90 |
| Feingold (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | X | ✓ | ✓ | 90 | 100 |
| WYOMING | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Thomas (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | ✓ | 10 | 0 |
| Enzi (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | ✓ | X | X | 10 | 0 |

HOUSE VOTES

The following is a list of ten key votes selected as representative of the votes of critical importance to retirees taken by the U.S. House of Representatives:

1 Pension Protections

Representative George Miller, D-CA, offered a substitute amendment to an employee pension security bill to include provisions for executive accountability and notice when executives sell company stock. The amendment also required that employees receive independent investment advice and offered employees options to diversify company-matched stock. The amendment failed 187-232. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 3762, Roll Call No. 90, April 11, 2002.

2 Permanent Tax Cuts

Representative Thomas, R-CA, moved that the House concur in an amendment to Senate amendments to the bill that would permanently extend the \$1.35 trillion 2001 tax cuts. Permanent extension of the tax cut would cost \$4 trillion from 2012-2023. The cuts benefit only the wealthiest Americans and seriously threaten the Social Security and Medicare trust funds and the ability to fund a Medicare prescription drug benefit program. The motion passed 229-198. A **NO** vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 586, Roll Call No. 103, April 18, 2002.

3 Skewed Estates Taxes

This bill, introduced by Representative Weldon, R-FL, would permanently extend the repeal of the federal estate and gift tax, which is set to expire beginning in 2010. Like the permanent extension of the \$1.35 trillion tax cut, the repeal benefits only the wealthiest Americans, threatens the Social Security and Medicare trust funds, and impedes funding of a Medicare prescription drug benefit program. The bill passed the House 256-171. A **NO** vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 2143, Roll Call No. 219, June 6, 2002.

4 Voting Access

Representative Hastings, D-FL, moved to instruct the House conferees during the House-Senate negotiations on election reform legislation. The instructions would insist on provisions requiring states to implement minimum election standards no later than November 2004. The standards would require that the voting system be accessible for individuals with disabilities, including the blind. The House rejected the motion 206-210. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 3295, Roll Call No. 238, June 19, 2002.

5 Pension Opportunities

Representative Neal, D-MA, offered a substitute amendment to a pension bill in order to make pensions more widely available to moderate and lower income workers. The Neal proposal would change the way pension plan calculations are made so that pension plan contributions are not skewed toward highly paid executives. The amendment failed 182-204. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 4931, Roll Call No. 246, June 21, 2002.

6 Fair Debate on Drugs

On major legislation, the House first votes on a rule to govern the floor debate. The House passed a rule that limited debate to just two hours on H.R. 4954, the House leadership prescription drug bill, which was supported by the pharmaceutical industry and allows HMOs and the insurance industry to set premiums and benefits. The rule, introduced by Rep. Linder, R-GA, permitted no amendments. The House adopted the rule 218-213. A **NO** vote is the pro-retiree vote. H. Res. 465, Roll Call No. 280, June 27, 2002.

7 Comprehensive Drug Benefit

During the debate on Medicare prescription drug legislation, Representative Gephardt, D-MO, moved to send the bill back to the appropriate committee to allow the House to consider a universal, comprehensive Medicare prescription drug benefit plan. The proposed amendment would have created a comprehensive Medicare prescription drug benefit that would have provided a monthly \$25 premium, a \$100 annual deductible, and a 20% co-insurance payment to \$2,000 after which Medicare pays 100% of costs. The motion failed 204-223. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 4954, Roll Call No. 281, June 28, 2002.

8 Prescription Drug Passage

This legislation, introduced by Representative Johnson, R-CT, permits HMOs and the insurance industry to establish prescription drug premiums and benefits. Unlike the rest of Medicare, which has guaranteed premiums and benefits, H.R. 4954 has no standard coverage or availability. In addition, there is a large gap in coverage: once out-of-pocket expenses reach \$2,000 in a year, the Medicare beneficiary must pay all costs without any co-payments for the next \$1,700, while still paying monthly premiums. The bill passed the House 221-208. A **NO** vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 4954, Roll Call No. 282, June 28, 2002.

9 Stop Corporate Fraud

Representative Conyers, D-MI, moved to instruct the House conferees during the House-Senate negotiations on halting fraudulent corporate and accounting practices. The instructions would have included provisions in the final bill that protected whistleblowers who exposed wrongful practices, extended the statute of limitations to file securities fraud claims, and increased prison sentences for fraud. The House rejected the motion 207-218. A **YES** vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 3763, Roll Call No. 313, July 17, 2002.

10 Limits on Medical Malpractice

This bill, introduced by Representative Greenwood, R-PA, severely limits how individuals can bring court cases and receive compensation when harmed by medical malpractice. In addition, the bill provides special protections against liability for the makers of drugs and medical devices. The bill passed the House 217-203. A **NO** vote is the pro-retiree vote. H.R. 4600, Roll Call No. 421, September 26, 2002.

HOUSE VOTES

| Alliance Position | WASHINGTON | | | | | | | | | | % | % | Alliance Position | WISCONSIN | | | | | | | | | | % | % |
|----------------------|------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|----------------------|-----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|
| | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | | | | Y | N | N | Y | Y | N | Y | N | Y | N | | |
| WASHINGTON | | | | | | | | | | | | | WISCONSIN | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Inslee (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 90 | 1. Ryan (R) | ? | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 0 | 0 | |
| 2. Larsen (D) | ✓ | ✓ | X | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 90 | 80 | 2. Baldwin (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 100 |
| 3. Baird (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 60 | 3. Kind (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 80 |
| 4. Hastings (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 0 | 0 | 4. Kleczka (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 100 |
| 5. Nethercutt (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 0 | 0 | 5. Barrett (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 100 |
| 6. Dicks (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 90 | 6. Petri (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 0 | 0 |
| 7. McDermott (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ? | 100 | 100 | 7. Obey (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 100 |
| 8. Dunn (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 0 | 0 | 8. Green (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 0 | 0 |
| 9. Smith (D) | X | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ? | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 89 | 50 | 9. Sensenbrenner (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 0 | 0 |
| WEST VIRGINIA | | | | | | | | | | | | | WYOMING | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Mollohan (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 90 | AL Cubin (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 0 | 0 |
| 2. Capito (R) | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 0 | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Rahall (D) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 100 | 80 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Get active! Make a Difference! Vote on Election Day!



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